



FRIDAY EVENING, AUG. 3, 1906.

The recent address of Festus J. Wade before the Tennessee Association of Bankers pointing out the enormous increase in the trade of the South and the exploiting of its natural resources makes an extraordinary and wonderful showing of the increase in material wealth. The southern states have made this great progress, although handicapped by the weight of tariff protection which has plundered her people of hundreds of millions of dollars without any corresponding return. All the South buys is increased in price on an average 47 per cent, which statistics show is the average increased cost of living since the republican tariff was imposed in 1897 to protect the trusts, hardly any of which combines are located within her borders. Cotton, her great staple, has no protection, nor could it have, if the South was to have the making of the tariff schedules, for the surplus, after supplying the United States, is sold in the world's markets at the price the foreign spinner is willing to give. The protection to her few sugar and rice planters is a curse to her people, making them pay double price for those necessities, thus helping to add to the increased cost of living of all her people. The tariff on lumber mainly protects a few northern timber speculators that have invested in her forests and plunders every one that builds and all that rent by adding to the cost of building. With the tariff burden laying its heavy hand on all her people the prosperity of the South speaks eloquently for the industry and thrift of her people. With the tariff burden lightened, so as to produce only the necessary revenue for the government, how much greater would have been her material prosperity! The numberless millions extracted from pockets of white and black alike would have been added to the further improvement of her fields and cities and under such greater freedom her growth and greatness would be the wonder of the world.

THE NEWS from Russia now is as unreliable as it was during the Japanese-Russian war and should be taken with a sack of salt. Yesterday's telegram portrayed a most terrific state of affairs in that unfortunate country, but later U. S. Ambassador Meyer, at St. Petersburg, wired the State Department that the revolt of soldiers had been suppressed and the city was quiet. He declared that the revolution was a board the Russian. It will be a year when Mr. at ship builder, re-ly he stated that and bloodshed in published broadcast in States, caused no more excitement in that city than was incident to an election day row in New York city.

JUDGE SULZBERGER, of the Philadelphia Court of Common Pleas, in resisting the desire of the grand jury to indict a street cleaning contractor, announced the doctrine that the newspapers are a fundamental part of the government. "If a member of the grand jury has any criticisms to make of administrative matters," he said, "he should go to a newspaper with them and not endeavor to transform the grand jury into a machine for investigations on its own account." He says that the constitution recognizes the press as a critical agent, and that it is its duty to find out evils and bring them to the attention of the proper authorities.

THREE years ago Secretary Shaw chuckled as he told the Washington correspondents that Gov. Cummins had "slid down the pole" because he had been compelled to leave the "Iowa idea" out of the State platform. Now that Gov. Cummins has the next senatorship in his grasp, and will be Iowa's "favorite son" at the next national convention, the secretary of the treasury realizes that he made a slight mistake and that which he said to the correspondents was a "—injudicious remark."

SOCIALISM and anarchism are the true and essential products of the trusts. Material prosperity is only a by-product. The republican party is responsible for the essential outcome of its policies and principles, but it deserves no credit for anything else. In the growth of socialism and anarchism, as the true offspring of protectionism, one can see the real port towards which Dingleyism is steering the ship of State.

ACCORDING to a decision by Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Reynolds the Isle of Pines is Cuban, and therefore foreign territory, merchandise from that country being subject to the same duties as that from Cuba. Mr. Reynolds could not well have decided otherwise.

THE Southern cotton planters, entirely unprotected by the tariff, are quite prosperous and are organizing to protect themselves from the protected monopolists. How do the republican stand-

patrons explain this prosperity of the unprotected?

AS THE President now has \$25,000 a year to spend on junkets for himself and friends, he can make a stumping tour of the congressional districts that are considered doubtful for the republicans.

A SAFE prediction is that it will rain.

**From Washington.**  
(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)  
Washington, Aug. 3.

President Roosevelt has conferred upon Charles P. Neill, his personal representative with James B. Reynolds in the initial packing house investigation in Chicago, as honor by designating him as acting secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor. Mr. Neill, in addition to his special work for the President, is the head of the bureau of labor in this department. This is the first time that the succession has gone so far down the line in the department. Secretary Metcalf is in California on a two-months' vacation. Assistant Secretary L. O. Murray has been taking a month's vacation at his home in New York but will not return until next week. James R. Garfield, commissioner of corporations, who has acted previously when both the Secretary and Assistant Secretary are absent, has left Washington for a brief rest. This is the first time that all three have been out of the city at one time. Consequently some one had to be authorized to care for the office, sign the public papers and keep all the wheels of the department in motion. President Roosevelt selected Mr. Neill for the job and the packing house inspector has taken up his abode temporarily in the office of the secretary.

W. A. Miller, assistant foreman of the bindery in the government printing office, was today dismissed by Public Printer Stillings. Miller is the man whose former dismissal from the institution, two years ago, on account of his refusal to join the union, was revoked by President Roosevelt. At that time the President took occasion to pronounce the government printing office an "open shop," and to declare that membership in the union was not an essential qualification for employees of the government. Several weeks ago Miller was charged with insubordination for refusal to obey orders from a superior official. He was promptly suspended, and was called upon by the public printer to make answer to the charges. Miller ignored the matter and declined either to send in a written answer or to appear personally before Mr. Stillings. Ample time having been given him to change his mind, but without result, he received today the formal order announcing his dismissal from the service.

Republicans are getting alarmed at the activity of the Federation of Labor which is making a fight against the re-election to Congress of some prominent republicans who refused to recognize the labor people during the past session. To offset the fight being made against Representative Littlefield, Secretary Taft has announced that he will take the stump in Littlefield's district in Maine.

A board of officers will be convened to meet at the Bureau of Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, 3 B street, southeast, Washington, Monday, August 6, for the purpose of examining candidates for admission to the grade of assistant surgeon in Public Health and Marine Hospital Service. Candidates must be between twenty-two and thirty years of age, graduates of a reputable medical college, and must furnish testimonials from responsible persons as to their professional and moral character.

Mrs. Ann Margaret Larner, widow of Noble D. Larner, died at the residence of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Charles Larner, 926 Massachusetts avenue northwest, yesterday afternoon.

What the various churches have done for the negroes of the south was the theme of addresses by zealous representatives of the different churches at this morning's session of the Negro Young People's Christian and Educational Convention. Representatives of the American Missionary Association, the National Baptist Convention, the Board of Education of A. M. E. Zion Church, and the Woman's Christian Board of Missions of the Christian Church were also heard. The executive board of the Congress spent the forenoon in the city set relations through which the negroes will appeal to the nation for assistance in its struggle for advancement.

The statistical board of the Agriculture Department today announced its estimate of the condition of cotton on July 25 to be 82.9 per cent, as compared with 83.3 on June 25, 1906; 74.9 on July 25, 1905; 91.6 on June 25, 1904, and a ten year average of 82.4.

**Damage by Rain.**

Baltimore and vicinity were visited by another heavy rainfall yesterday. There was little damage in the city, although in several low-lying sections adjacent to Jones Falls sewers were choked up and cellars in many parts of town were flooded. By far the heaviest loss was sustained in Baltimore county, where, between 4 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon, there was a veritable cloudburst. Streams overflowed their banks, roads and bridges were badly damaged, and a number of the latter were swept away. Reports were received last night at Towson from various parts of the county to the effect that the unharvested crops on farms were beaten down and the cultivated fields torn into gullies by the volumes of water which swept over them. Heavy losses were sustained to buildings and other property in the vicinity of Mount Washington yesterday. The water reached high level, driving people from their homes. There was a cloudburst in the northwestern suburbs of Baltimore. At one time at least two feet of water covered the grounds at Electric Park, and the racetrack there was badly damaged.

**Trouble on Brooklyn Bridge.**

New York, Aug. 3.—An elevated car on the Brooklyn Bridge led traffic for over two hours last night, but no trains are running because the water which swept over the place or take the ferries in order to reach their places of business in Manhattan. Bridge conditions have been intolerable for years and Brooklyn is demonstrating it demonstrated when the break down of one car brings transportation to a standstill for hours. Another bridge has been completed and open for traffic for two years, but no trains are running because the two traction trusts, with which the city is infested, cannot agree as to which shall have superior rights to the bridge tracks. The city officials and socialists rapid transit commission simply permit the people to suffer.

**Ran Into Open Switch.**

Butler, Pa., Aug. 3.—A freight train coming from Newcastle over the Butler, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railroad, ran into an open switch on the Butler cut-off, between Harmony and Reibohd, this morning. Conductor Harry Field of Butler, fireman Jerome Hanlon of Butler, and brakeman James Smith of Punxsutawney, were killed. Engineer Hunter of Butler, was badly injured, but will recover. Responsibility for the accident has not yet been placed. The engine and five cars of merchandise are a total wreck.

**American Machinists in Mexico.**

Fort Worth, Tex., Aug. 3.—Fifty American machinists with their families have arrived in El Paso, from Mexico. They say they were forced from their positions by striking Mexicans. They state that the Mexicans declare they will rid the country of all Americans.

## News of the Day.

Members of the Interstate Commerce Commission are of the opinion that it will pass a two-cent railroad-rate passenger bill.

A dispatch from Sand Lick, Knott county, Ky., says the feud between the Hall and Martin factions in Knott county, broke out afresh Wednesday night, and four men were killed and two were wounded in a bloody battle with a sheriff's posse.

President Samuel Spencer of the Southern Railway sailed from New York Wednesday for about two months' absence, during which time he contemplates visiting points in England and Scotland. Mr. Spencer's trip is entirely one of rest and recreation.

Indorsement of William J. Bryan for President in 1908, the defeat of a resolution calling upon the democratic national committee to investigate the charges made against National Chairman Thomas E. Taggart and demand his resignation if they were proven, and the nomination of Charles H. Kimmerle, for governor, over Stanley E. Parkhill, the only other candidate, after a spirited ballot, were the features of the democratic State convention held at Detroit, Mich., yesterday.

With the piteous cries of his bride of less than a month ringing in his ears, and despite the almost superhuman efforts of his brother-in-law to save him from the clutch of the swiftly-running current of Pennypack Creek, Albert Thomlison, of No. 2745 north Howard street, Philadelphia, was drowning yesterday afternoon in plain sight of his loved one. Gathered on the shore near the boat house, the scene of the accident, which is located at the foot of Ashburner street, Holmesburg, at the time of the drowning, were the members of Thomlison's family, who had just started out for an afternoon's outing along the water.

**Flood in the Eastern Branch.**

Tearing down the Eastern Branch of the Potomac, and overflowing its banks to a depth along Riverdale road of four feet in some places, a torrent of water was yesterday flooding the homes of residents of Hyattsville and Bladensburg, and threatening a destruction that has thrown the people into panic. At a late hour last night it was thought that the electric railroad bridge near Hyattsville was likely to go at any moment. The water had hidden the rails at midnight, and the force of the torrent was swaying the structure to and fro with a violence that was alarming. The block train was notified early in the evening to hold up all trains, and until a late hour the flood steadily increased in proportions. In some of the streets of Bladensburg the water attained a depth of more than four feet. In dozens of homes the first floor was inundated, while much destruction is reported. Yards, lawns, and gardens were submerged, while pigs and chickens were carried away in the torrents of water. In many houses the alarmed people sat up all night in order to avoid disaster should it come, the water, instead of subsiding with the cessation of the rain, continuing to rise steadily. Fortunately no fatalities occurred.

**Russian Affairs.**

After sharp fighting the Russian government has succeeded in putting down the mutinies at Sveaborg, in Finland, and at Cronstadt, the great naval station at St. Petersburg.

At Sveaborg the mutineers have surrendered, with the possible exception of one or two minor bodies, and court-martials which mean death to the insurgents have been ordered instituted.

A mutiny is reported to have broken out at Reval, a naval station on an arm of the Gulf of Finland.

The crew of the armored cruiser Pamgat Azova, it is reported, mutinied and brought the vessel to Reval with the red flag flying at her masthead.

Grand Duke Nicholasievich ordered all captured mutineers and all suspected of being involved in the Cronstadt mutiny to be promptly court-martialed and shot.

A serious conflict is reported to have occurred at Helsingfors between the communal police and the socialist red guard.

General Markgrafsky, chief of the Warawa gendarmie, has been shot and killed.

**Loudoun Camp Meeting.**

The fourteenth annual encampment of the Loudoun Camp Meeting under the new management will be held in Benton's woods August 10 to 20 inclusive. The Methodist camp meeting is held annually in Benton's woods, and is always well attended. The situation of the camp is all that could be desired. It is midway between Leesburg and Warrenton and Manassas and Winchester, upon a high elevation, overlooking a beautiful stretch of country, extending toward the Blue Ridge. The services will be under the direction of Rev. J. S. Hutchison, presiding elder of Washington District, Baltimore Conference, M. E. Church South. Dr. Collins Denny, of the Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn., will be present during the entire camp, assisted by Revs. Charles D. Bulla, pastor of the M. E. Church South of Alexandria; W. F. Locke, W. H. Ballenger and others of Washington District. Monday, August 13, will be Sunday School Day, when Sunday school children, with their superintendents and teachers in Loudoun and adjoining counties of every denomination are expected to be present. Rev. C. D. Bulla will address the children and superintendents and teachers at 11 a. m. The large tabernacle will seat 2,000 people.

**Only \$2 Duty From Big Liner.**

The worst case of "fraud" that the government ever encountered in its business of collecting duties from returning tourists was experienced yesterday when the customs officials examined the baggage of 281 cabin passengers who arrived at New York in the German Lloyd steamer Friedrich der Grosse from Bremen. Every one of the first and second cabin passengers made sworn declarations that they had purchased nothing abroad, and that they had nothing dutiable in their personal effects. Twenty clerks were on duty to get the passengers' declarations, and 40 inspectors were at the dock to facilitate the work of inspection. One inspector found a near-gold watch that a second cabin passenger had failed to declare. When the customs cashier made his return with the solitary \$2 bill the customs house officials were amazed. The incident is unparalleled in government records.

**He Was in Trouble.**

"I was in trouble, but found a way out of it, and I'm a happy man again, since Dr. King's New Life Pills cured me of chronic constipation," says E. W. Goodloe, 107 St. Louis St., Dallas, Tex. Curtailed his appetite, lost sleep, and became a nervous wreck. He was cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills.

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was found guilty of the murder of Conrad Boyd and sentenced to 18 years in the penitentiary.

It is now believed the next encampment of the Grand Camp, Confederate Veterans of Virginia, will be held in Roanoke next October.

Governor Swanson has accepted the resignation of Col. George Wayne Anderson, of the Seventieth Regiment, but has fixed no date for the election of a successor.

John B. Caldwell, former treasurer of the Virginia Coal and Iron Company, at Iman, has been sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary for the embezzlement of \$15,000.

Arrangements have been completed by the committee of the Piedmont Hunt by which Middleburg will shortly become one of the leading hunting centers in the United States.

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Mrs. Emma L. Garnett, widow of General Thomas Stewart Garnett, died yesterday at her home at Spylhill, King George county, in the sixty-second year of her age. She had been in failing health for more than a year.

The governor has appointed Thomas A. Lynch, of Tazewell county, to be clerk of the senate, to succeed Joseph Button, who qualified yesterday as insurance commissioner, until the next meeting of the legislature, when the clerk will be formally elected by that body.

Col. John Alexander Gibson, aged 73 years, died at his home, on Timber Ridge, near Lexington, yesterday, of liver trouble. He was a Confederate soldier, serving throughout the war. He was very prominent during the readjuster movement, and went with Mahone into the republican party.

The jury trying George C. Andrews, a Richmond street car conductor, for alleged attempted criminal assault on 11-year-old Ida Bayne, reported yesterday that it could not agree and asked to be discharged. This was agreed to, and the prisoner was remanded to jail. He will be tried again in September.

Col. Joseph S. Button was sworn in before the Corporation Commission in Richmond yesterday as insurance commissioner, and at once assumed the duties of the position. The ceremonies were brief and of the most cordial character. The chairman of the commission, Judge Crump, administered the oath, and Colonel Button affixed his signature. Judge Crump assured him of the earnest and hearty co-operation of the commission in the conduct of his office.

Henry Rose and young son, Scott, of White Oak, Stafford county, had a narrow escape from drowning by being washed down Claiborn's Run, which was much swollen when they attempted to cross it in a buggy. They were washed down, but succeeded in swimming out and rescuing the horse. The buggy was demolished.

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Republicans of Culpeper county held a meeting yesterday. J. R. Button, J. R. Corbin, T. R. Covington, G. W. Curtis and E. G. Eggerbo were elected delegates to the Alexandria congressional meeting, and Samuel Diener, J. W. Colvin, M. D. Bettis, J. O. Fant, and L. L. Whiteside were elected as alternates. The present county organization was re-elected. The county and State organizations were indorsed, and the administration of President Roosevelt gulogized. W. H. Eggerbo was indorsed for State committee.

The next session of the Potomac Baptist Association of Northern Virginia will be held at Waterford, Loudoun county, from August 15 to August 17. The moderator is Judge C. E. Nicol, of Manassas; the clerk, Rev. F. H. James, of Round Hill, and the treasurer, Mr. J. W. Kincheol, of Reston. Fifty-five churches comprise the association, representing membership in Alexandria, Fairfax, Prince William, Fauquier, Loudoun and Stafford counties. The value of church property in the bounds of the association is \$129,866; membership, 5,694; 56 Sunday schools and 2,910 pupils.

**Four Men Killed.**

A dispatch from Sand Lick, Knott county, Ky., says four men were killed there Wednesday night in a fight between the Martin and Hall feud factions. The factions have been at war for some time, and the authorities have been trying unsuccessfully to end the trouble. The Martin faction, said to number sixty men, is led by W. Yates Martin and his sons, Silas and Alexander. They are now entrenched at the home of Martin, on Beaver Creek. Sheriff Hayes and posse are in the neighborhood, but it is not believed any arrests will be made. Every effort is being made to get a truce arranged, and to persuade Martin and his sons to surrender to the authorities. The names of those killed Wednesday night have not been learned, as Sheriff Hayes has not returned. Unless the Martins surrender within the next twenty-four hours, Gov. Beckham will be asked to send troops.

**Bank Debaltur.**

The fascination of the stock market led to the downfall of Clifford S. Hixton, a trusted employee of the Union Trust Company, of which Henry C. Frick, the steel magnate, is the principal stockholder, and last night Hixton was placed in the Allegheny county, Pa., jail, charged with embezzlement. Today the detectives who are working on the case expect to arrest Hixton's accomplice in crime, also an employee of the bank. It is already alleged that the shortage will amount to \$125,000, and it may be that when a complete investigation is made the loss will amount to over \$250,000. Hixton is said to have made a full confession, in which he implicated another employee of the bank.

**New York Stock Market.**

New York, Aug. 3.—In spite of the fact that no satisfactory news is to be obtained in regard to the supposed pending railroad developments, the market continued strong after the opening this morning and some further material gains were made in the first hour. Several stocks made gains ranging from small fractions to a point, but heavy selling orders were in the market and the supply of stocks was so large that buying orders at the advance were practically swamped for the time being. Continued offerings caused reactions on and continued all the early gains were lost.

**Riga, Russia, Aug. 3.—Dragoons last**

night raided a meeting of revolutionists which had been called for a secret conference in regard to future plans, and arrested 500 in attendance. Not a man escaped from the soldiers.

**Stockholm, Sweden, Aug. 3.—The**

steamer Uleaborg, which has arrived here, states that the shore of one of the islands near Sveaborg fortress, Helsingfors, is covered with corpses. The crew counted 450 bodies in passing the island. Many of the bodies were mutilated. Hundreds of sailors from different points along the Baltic, who were on their way to assist the mutineers who captured the fortress at Sveaborg, have turned homeward since learning that the fort has been surrendered to the loyal troops.

**An Italian Girl's Revenge.**

New York, Aug. 3.—Outraged because he had robbed her of her honor, Mamie Schabner, an Italian, girl, 22 years old, shot and fatally wounded Nicolas Ferraro, on Worth street near Baxter street, at noon today. The streets were crowded with people and the young woman was seen to walk up behind Ferraro and pulling a revolver from her waist began firing. The first shot lodged in the man's back and as he whirled around, the woman fired three more shots, two of which took effect in the abdomen and the other in the chest. The victim of the shooting fell unconscious. He was hurried in an ambulance to the hospital, where it was said that he would die. The woman was arrested and held without bail pending the result of her victim's injuries. Ferraro is an Italian. The girl's story told to the police was that Ferraro, who is a married man, had ruined her under promise of marriage. It was only recently that she had found that he could not marry her and she at once made up her mind to kill him.

**Deed of Desperate Lover.**

Kingston, Mass., Aug. 3.—Driven desperate by the belief that Miss Eveline Vezani, one of the most beautiful girls in the town, was forbidden by her father to marry him and by the thought that she would not, as he had tried to persuade her, elope with him to New York, where he was intending to go, Renold Zechi, her ardent lover, fatally shot the 19-year-old object of his attentions at her home last evening, then shot himself through the throat, leaped through a screened window, ran frantically down a hilly terrace and committed suicide by shooting himself again in a near by woods. Miss Vezani is expected to live but a few hours. She is the daughter of David and Emily Vezani. In Zechi's pocket was found a letter which plainly indicates that Zechi had premeditated the murder because he could not think of going away without Eveline, whose father, he thought, rejected his suit.

**Will Oppose Comstock.**

New York, Aug. 3.—Anthony Comstock may find himself in hot water for his raids on the rooms of the Art Students' League, in the Fine Arts Building, and his seizure of 2,500 copies of the American Art Student last night. Although the postal authorities have given a permit for the periodical to be circulated through the mail, Mr. Comstock decided that the publication was immoral because there were several drawings from the nude in it. Members of the American Society of Fine Arts are outraged at the raid, and intend to bring Comstock to book for running amuck in the Art Students' League. Fears are expressed that unless Comstock, who is busy in the day time looking after the city's morals, and who prays in Summit, N. J., each night for the redemption of New York, is curbed he may break loose and raid the Metropolitan Museum of Fine Arts.

**Wealthy Organ Grinder.**

New York, Aug. 3.—It is estimated that Melcher Wideman, the blind organ grinder, who died a day or two ago in St. Joseph Hospital worth at least \$50,000, must have ground out his favorite hymns, "Rock of Ages" and "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," more than a million times during the twenty-eight years he played at the entrance to Glen Island, John H. Starlin's summer resort at New Rochelle. Although the wealthiest organ grinder in the country, Wideman feared he would spend his last days in the poorhouse, and this preyed on his mind. Two weeks ago he became seriously ill and was forced to lay aside his hand organ and go to the hospital. Wideman had no relatives, and it is believed that he willed his hoard to the Catholic Church. A priest took charge of the body, which was buried in New Rochelle.

**Mystery Concerning Subscriptions.**

San Francisco, Aug. 3.—When subscriptions were received in New York for the relief of stricken San Francisco John D. Rockefeller subscribed \$100,000 and the Standard Oil Company was put down for the same amount. In the course of time an order was issued directing Superintendent Leach, of the Mint, to pay to the relief committee \$70,000, being, as the order states, "a portion of subscription to the fund." At the relief headquarters they are waiting for the rest of the money, but it has not yet come. James J. Phelan, who directs the finances of the relief committee, was asked about the about the oil subscription and admitted it was a mystery to him.

**Dream of Death Cause True.**

Sterling, Ill., Aug. 3.—Robert Moore was found dead under the car wheels just as he dreamed during the night before the day he took out his train from the yards for Chicago. In the morning he told his wife of the awful dream, that he had been struck and killed by the Overland Limited. He made application for a lay-off, fearing that the day would bring forth its ill-luck. Owing to the short notice and the rush of work the company could not grant the request. Arriving at Rochelle, about 10 hours after the dream, he stepped in front of the Overland and was instantly killed.

**Mayor Johnson Not in Contempt.**

Cleveland, O., Aug. 3.—Mayor Tom L. Johnson was declared not guilty of contempt of court this afternoon by Judge Kennedy. Director of Public Service Springfield was declared guilty.

**The Market.**

Georgetown, Aug. 3.—Wheat 90 1/2

Why does the sun burn? Why does a mosquito sting? Why do we feel unhappy in the good old Summer time? Answer: we don't. We use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, and these little ills don't bother us. Learn to look for the name on the box to get the genuine. Sold by W. F. Creighton & Co., 401 King street.

**DIED.**

Entered into rest at her home in Alexandria, Va., on the afternoon of August 2, 1906, MARY E., widow of the late Hon. Wm. W. Boyce, formerly of South Carolina, and mother of Mrs. E. W. Gaillard. Funeral services will be held at 304 South St. Asaph street, at 8 o'clock p. m., August 3rd. Interment in South Carolina.

## Today's Telegraphic News

**THE DISORDERS IN RUSSIA.**

London, Aug. 3.—The correspondent of the Star at Kronstadt wires that the mutiny there was ended at midnight. Six of the mutineers have already been condemned and shot. A silence like that of the grave prevails in the streets of the city.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—Despite the exciting events of the last few days in various parts of the empire, which have given the people plenty to talk about, St. Petersburg today was ominously quiet. Three fires were in progress at one time, but they created little stir. Just what is the significance of the unworldly quietness is not apparent.

The government is greatly alarmed because of the occurrences which have threatened to precipitate a revolt from one end of the country to the other, and the authorities are relapsing into the most oppressive methods of reaction.

The difficulties of the liberal reformers likewise have increased a thousand fold. They believe that the precipitancy of the revolutionaries in starting the mutinies at Sveaborg and Kronstadt has seriously imperilled the cause of Russian freedom. The outbreak was hopeless from the beginning, they assert, as the revolutionaries lacked a clearly conceived plan, co-ordinated action, and a capable leader.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—Trouble has broken out at Reval. It is impossible at this time to obtain details in regard to the outbreak.

Revolutionary leaders in St. Petersburg last night after the collapse of the mutinies at Sveaborg and Kronstadt had become known, made the statement: "Watch Reval, Riga and Libau. Watch our brothers in the Baltic forts." In view of this statement the news of disorders at Reval today may prove very significant.

Warsaw, Poland, Aug. 3. 11 a. m.—The artillerymen in the summer camp at Rembertow have mutinied. Infantry and Cossacks have been dispatched to quell the mutiny.

London, Aug. 3.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from St. Petersburg says that General Linvitch, who was the commander in chief of the Russian armies in Manchuria during the recent war with Japan, will be made commander in chief of the army at home, with the idea of restoring discipline in the army at any cost.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—All the stations along the Finnish railroad from St. Petersburg to Viborg as well as the entire length of the coast are occupied by troops.

A dispatch at Helsingfors timed 4:45 a. m. states that the mutiny at Sveaborg has been completely quelled.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—The early quietness which prevailed throughout the city changed this afternoon. Great crowds of workmen collected and processions were formed, the men marching through the streets from one factory to another in the endeavor to induce the great mass of workmen to strike. The great majority of the mills and factories were visited in this quest.